

STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME SEVENTEEN

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 15, 1937



ROYAL CAFE, STONY PLAIN.

We have the LUCKY STAR TICKETS for Customers. Get one and win money. No Blanks. Edmonton Exhibition Tickets Now on Sale. Ice Cream, Soft Drinks, Confectionery. Fruit.

L. M. LARSON, Proprietor.

The New Text Books.

A revised list of text books for use in the schools of the province has been issued by the school books branch of the Dept. of Education.

A perusal of the new list shows that there are no changes in grades 11 or 12.

In grade 9, a new Algebra will be required; with no changes in Art, Agriculture or Composition. Also a new French Grammar will be required. A new German Grammar also is required. In History, there is no authorized text, but a number of reference books replace the former British history.

In grade 9 there is a new Literature book to be used. This formerly was used in rural schools only. A pupil's text is required in health and physical education; while a new elementary general science replaces the book of which Hilton is author, and which has been used for several years past.

There is also a new book in Social Studies for grade 9, with no changes made in Mathematics, Art and Composition.

Complaint is said to have been made that the new list contains a large proportion of new texts, which would be likely to throw a heavy burden on families in purchasing students' requirements.

This has been denied by officials speaking for the Department, who explain that some changes are made every year in the list of text books. This year the changes are of more than 10 per cent and are made necessary by the revision of the courses of study decided upon by the provincial committee which deals with this matter.

Statement

Of money spent from May 24th proceeds:

Credit—	
Total from booth	\$78 72
Total from dance	11 00
Debit—	
Michael: vaulting pole, staples, wire	5 67
Armbruster, lumber	2 70
M. Zuch, work for field day	2 75
Trophies, sugaring, etc.	18 78
Transportation June 1	9 00
Graduation pictures	25 16
Films	45
Transportation June 5	9 00
Baseball and basketball equipment	10 65
Willie, work at school	2 00
Grading ball diamond	1 00
Dance bills	1 25
Total	\$88 38
In bank	\$89 72
Expenses	88 38
Credit	\$1 34

R. Z. H. H. Treasurer.

Duffield's Sports Day, Wednesday, July 28th.

Announcement.

A news item of interest to those in this district appeared in Saturday's Journal, to the effect that "Mrs. H. M. Wibray, St. Albert, announces the engagement of her only daughter Helen Lovejoy, to Ral. H. C. Witherspoon, of Laval, Alberta. The wedding will take place early in August."

Mr. R. C. Witherspoon is well known here, having attended the S.P.H.I. for several sessions, coming up from the Breckenridge school at Golden Spoke. Miss Wibray taught at the Warden School for several years, and lately at the school in St. Albert.

Duffield Sports Day, July 28.

Duffield Community are holding their annual picnic and sports day on the above date, this year. There is to be horse racing, baseball, etc. In addition there will be fifteen rounds of boxing and 2 wrestling bouts.

Mr. Roediger Goes East.

Last January a man signing himself "George Roediger, Yale Hotel, Edmonton," inserted an advert in The Sun, intimating he would like to get in touch with someone who had a farm to rent, or who required help to work it. He got a satisfactory reply, and moved out to this district. When the spring work opened up Mr. Roediger advertised in the Edmonton Journal for a young man to do farm work. This advert was replied to by Albert Seibal, who secured the position, but did not stay long in Mr. Roediger's employ.

While all this was going on, a lengthy coast-to-coast man hunt was said to be being instituted by the R.C.M.P. for this man Roediger.

Last week they caught up with him and later Mr. Roediger left, under Mounted Police escort, for Winnipeg, where he will face trial on two charges—one of bigamy and the other a theft of \$900.

While in this district he is said to have been married to a young woman, who he allegedly had at least 2 wives in Manitoba.

A despatch from Winnipeg on Monday states that he appeared in court there, charged with bigamy and theft of \$900 and was remanded "so he could consult a lawyer."

HARDWICK'S

Cool Straw Hats for the Whole Family.

They'll stand hard knocks and wear. Children's Peanut Straws, smart trims, 19c. Boys' Peanut Straws, assorted shapes, 19c. Men's Peanut Straws, 19 cents each.

Ladies' Hankies.

in plain white or fancy printed cottons; children's in bright colors; men's plain white; 5c.

Bracelets and Buckles.

Colorful bangle bracelets and fancy dress buckles; reg. 25c values; now 2 for 25c.

Work Shirts, Zero shrunk.

Roomy, built Husky; assorted colors in sizes 14-2 to 17; reg. \$1.75 value, for \$1.29 each.

Men's Broadcloth Shorts.

These are fine count Broadcloth; rich colors which stand a dozen washings; 30-38; 35c pr.

Grocery Specials---Lots of them

Pimentos, for salad garnishing, 15c per tin. York Sausage, finest of canned meats, 23c tin. Sylvia Toilet Soap, 6 cakes for 25 cents. Swansdown Cake Flour, 33c per package.

Get It at HARDWICK'S.

AGENTS ALBERTA DAIRY POOL.

THIS FAMOUS TRUCK ENGINE GIVES GREATER ECONOMY INCREASED POWER-LONGER LIFE

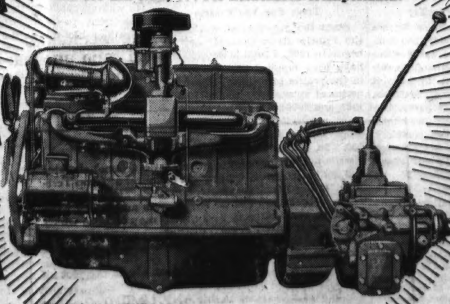
YOUR hauling job may be light delivery on paved roads or heavy logging over rough-hewn forest trails. It may be any one of a hundred varied transportation tasks. In any case, you'll get greater power and stamina with maximum economy if you use Chevrolet trucks, with an engine specifically designed for truck work.

Why? Because Chevrolet thrives on plain, old-fashioned hard work. It's built on truck assembly lines. Its list of features has no equal in the low-price field. Finally, its proved ability in the hands of thousands of owners is the finest guarantee of satisfaction a truck buyer ever had! There are other reasons why you should choose Chevrolet trucks and your Chevrolet dealer will gladly give them to you. Why not arrange to call in and see him today... For Economical Transportation!

6 CYLINDER
VALVE-IN-HEAD
SPECIAL
TRUCK TYPE

78 HORSEPOWER
AT
3200 R.P.M.

170 FT. LBS.
OF TORQUE
AT 800-1600 R.P.M.



FULL LENGTH
WATER
JACKET

DOWN DRAFT
"BALANCED"
CARBURETOR

PRESSURE
STREAM
LUBRICATION

CHEVROLET Trucks

Makes Better Cigarettes!

PHILIP MORRIS

10c

PHILIP MORRIS

FINE CUT

ALSO IN POUCHES HALF LB. TINS

15c 70c

Confidence Restored

The recent announcement of Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain and Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden of Great Britain's intention to face her responsibilities by rearmament as speedily as possible and to such an extent that "nobody dare treat her with anything but respect" will fall on many receptive and welcoming ears, not only within Great Britain and the Empire but in other countries who look to Britain for leadership in the task of preserving the democratic form of government.

There is no question but that Britain has "lost face", to use an Oriental expression, during the past two or three years, because of her failure to take a stand in the councils of the League of Nations strong enough to prevent the rights of member nations being violated.

Representative newspaper and magazine writers in some of the smaller democratic countries of Europe, such as the Scandinavian group, who have been wont to look to Britain for leadership and who, at any rate in recent years, have been strong friends of Great Britain, have in the past year or two voiced keen disappointment at the situation and more particularly have expressed criticism over the Ethiopian debacle.

But there was a very good reason why Britain could not go further than she did in attempt to enforce sanctions against Italy as the violator of Abyssinia. No one knew better than the British representatives on the councils of the League that if coercive measures were needed to prevent despoliation of the northern African kingdom she was not in a position to ensure that these methods were carried out.

The British war machine and particularly the aerial arm of it, had been allowed to become obsolete and no efforts had been made to bring it up to date; or, conversely, it might be more correct to say that other and more intelligent nations had built up huge destructive forces and little or nothing had been done by Britain to keep pace with their activities.

Under these circumstances it would have been futile for Britain to have displayed a fist which was not heavily mailed or to have uttered threats which she could not carry out. She did not want to start something she knew that she could not finish. Hence, nothing more could be expediently done than advise and negotiate, in the knowledge that anything more forceful might precipitate a disaster which the great majority of nations hoped to avoid. It was a policy of prudence and that was the only policy that could safely be adopted at the time.

Now, however, that is to be changed. Great Britain has already commenced an active and ambitious program of rearmament which, in a year or two at the outside, will enable her to resume her role as leader of the European and world democracies in the full knowledge and certainty that the utterances and decisions of her representatives will be respected by even the most powerful and belligerent of nations.

The general objective of the program was aptly expressed by Prime Minister Chamberlain when he told his constituents that it was the aim to make Britain so strong "that nobody dare treat her with anything but respect" and his additional announcement that he faced his responsibilities "without fear or hesitation" will inspire confidence not only in Britain but in many other countries who are genuinely anxious to preserve world peace, as is Britain herself.

Confidence will be further fortified by the supplemental declaration of Sir Anthony Eden that immediate and specific objectives are preservation of the territorial integrity of Spain and the maintenance of the Mediterranean as a main arterial road for the flags of all nations.

Both these objectives have been threatened in recent weeks as the war in Spain progresses. The dismemberment and even the potential dismemberment, of Spain would undoubtedly precipitate a general conflagration in which all the European countries might ultimately become involved and that is what the majority of the non-belligerent nations of Europe fear so much to-day.

Despite the declarations of individual visitors from Europe to this continent to the effect that a general war will be avoided, it is generally recognized on both sides of the Atlantic that the trend of events in Spain, coupled with a great deal of outside interference, constitutes a grave danger to the peace of Europe and perhaps of the world.

A strong and well-armed Britain, with no ulterior motive to serve, will go a long way to allay such alarms and will do much to ensure peace in Europe and security for the democratic countries of that continent.

Something New To Try

According to the Christian Science Monitor, to Horace Creely, the famous editor, a woman once wrote: "Our church is in dire financial straits. We have tried every device to keep it going—fairs, strawberry festivals, oyster suppers, a donkey party, turkey banquets, Japanese weddings, mock marriages, and box societies. Will you please tell us, Mr. Creely, what we can do to keep our struggling church from disbanding?"

Berlin is now the third largest city in the world, next to New York and London.

BLACKHEADS

Don't squeeze blackheads—dissolve them. Get two ounces of peroxide powder from any drug store and rub gently with wet, hot cloth over the blackheads. They simply disappear and disappear by this safe and sure method. Have a Hollywood complexion.

Trees For The Prairie

Since the program of work under the Prairie Rehabilitation Act was begun in 1935, a total of 960,440 trees have been supplied free for planting in the prairie provinces. District experiment substations took 77,730 in 1935 and 1936; Agricultural improvement associations, 229,380; and field crops shelter belts associations 653,330. In addition, the regular free distribution of trees from Indian Head and Sutherland nursery stations in 1935 and 1936 totalled 11,828,834. From 1901 to 1936, these two shelter belts have distributed free to farmers in the three prairie provinces over 159 million trees.

In comparison with human eyes, the eyes of most birds are telescopes. A small grain particle hardly distinguished by a person standing a yard away from it, is seen 100 yards by some birds.

Job Was Thorough

Crude Operation By Amateur Surgeon Probably Saved Man's Life

A crude operation performed with a fishline and a net-mending needle appeared to have saved the life of a man badly torn by a rusty spike on lonely San Miguel Island.

Despite twelve days spent tossing with pain while passing boats overlooked his distress signal, Robert L. Brooks, the injured man, was expected to survive.

Brooks, lessee of the windswept speck in the Channel Islands chain off Southern California, slipped while repairing a wharf two weeks ago and a spike ripped a gaping wound in his thigh.

San Miguel is without a doctor, a boat, or any means of communication with the mainland. No ship was due for weeks.

Realizing that Brooks would bleed to death unless the wound was closed, Herbert Lever, only man on the island, set to work. Lever, shell-shocked World War veteran, lives on San Miguel with his wife and two children, and works for Brooks.

He boiled a fishline and the needle he used to repair fish nets. While the injured man dug his nails into the bunk and gritted his teeth, Lever sewed up the wound without anaesthetic. He prayed while he sewed.

For twelve days no passing craft heeded their distress signal as the American flag flying upside down. Then the motorship Vacuero of Santa Barbara arrived four days ahead of time with supplies. It rushed Brooks ashore.

Physicians at Cottage Hospital said the amateur surgeon was so thorough that no infection developed.

Selling Canada's Wheat

Publicity Campaign In Britain Planned With Care

The Canadian Wheat Board sends a brochure containing handsomely-printed reproductions of the material used in its United Kingdom advertising campaign.

The board says that go far as it knows this was "the first attempt which has been made by any wheat-exporting country to promote the sale of its wheat by advertising and publicity work."

The campaign was planned with great care. Advertisements designed for their respective fields were used in the newspapers of England, Scotland, Northern Ireland, emphasizing the advantages of Canadian hard wheat in the making of bread. At the same time a series of advertisements in trade journals was addressed to millers, bakers and retailers.

The Canadian Wheat Board is dealing with a product of unexcelled quality, trying to increase its sale in the rich and concentrated market of the United Kingdom, and its campaign appears equal to the occasion.

—Ottawa Journal.

Lonely Island Was Safer

Civilization Proved Too Much For Boy From Tristan da Cunha

Civilization proved too much for the youth who left the loneliest isle of the world. After less than a year in London he died.

Donald Glass was a direct descendant of William Glass who founded the settlement at Tristan da Cunha, in the South Atlantic, more than a century ago.

Donald left a happy isle, where disease is virtually unknown, determined to succeed in the great world. He was accepted by the Boy Scouts who tried to make life for him something like that in the home from where he came, but they failed to consider the germs that afflict civilization. He fell ill and gradually declined.

Easy To Identify

When the police of Hermanus, South Africa, inspected the trail of a barefoot burglar, who had stolen \$100, the Sherlock Holmes instinct told them the capture should be easy. One of the big toes was peculiarly formed. All the well-known tall characters passed inspection, and the trail finally led to N. Cupido, an amateur burglar, who was sentenced to four months hard labor.

A motorist driving 45 miles an hour steadily for 10 hours a day would require 13 years, 10 months, and 21 days to travel over all the improved roads of the United States.

AIDS DIGESTION



Festival Date Changed

Set Back One Month When Delegates Met At Moose Jaw

Dates for the 1938 provincial music festival were set back a month as delegates from five provinces concluded the 12th annual conference of the Western Canada Music Festival Associations at Moose Jaw. Next year the Saskatchewan festival at Saskatoon and Regina will take place the latter part of April, from April 25-30. At present, no definite arrangement has been made as to whether Regina or Saskatoon will conduct its festival first. So far, the old arrangement will be followed, whereby in 1938 Regina will be first, Saskatoon second.

In 1937, the festival took place during the last week in May. Delegates were present from Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Alberta, British Columbia and Quebec.

Represented for the first time at the conference was the Quebec Musical Competition festival which held its first festival this year in Montreal. The organization was represented by R. Willis, Montreal.

Adjudicators for 1938 will be Sir Hugh Robertson, Glasgow, Scotland, who will adjudicate choral and vocal competitions; Maurice Jacobson, London, instrumental and choral adjudicator, and Stewart Wilson, London, who will also adjudicate vocal competitions. Mr. Wilson is new to Canada, but Sir Hugh Robertson has been in the Dominion on several occasions as adjudicator. Mr. Jacobson has been here once before.

In 1939, the same three adjudicators who recently completed their tour of Canadian festivals will return: Dr. J. F. Sturges, George Dodd and Arthur Benjamin. Dates for festivals both in 1938 and 1939 were set recently, as delegates pushed through to completion in two days a session originally scheduled to last three days.

SELECTED RECIPES

PICKLE RELISH

2 qts. cucumbers
2 qts. onions
1 large cauliflower or cabbage
3 peppers, red or green
2 ozs. mustard
6 cups brown sugar
2 cups Crown Brand Corn Syrup
1/2 cup Benson's Corn Starch
1/2 cup mustard
1/2 teaspoon turmeric powder
2 ozs. mustard seed
2 ozs. celery seed
Method: Chop all vegetables fine. Let stand in brine overnight (1/2 cup salt to each quart water). Drain. Make a syrup of vinegar (reserving 1/2 cup for dressing), sugar and Crown Brand Corn Syrup; add vegetable and let come to boil. Make a dressing of Benson's Corn Starch, seasonings, spices and 1/2 cup cold vinegar. Stir into hot mixture. Again bring to the boil; seal in steril jars. Makes 5 pints.

Had Successful Year

Canada's Fishing Industry Showed Big Increase In 1936

Canada's fisheries in 1936 experienced the most successful year since 1930, the Dominion reported.

Value of production in 1936 was \$39,164,618, the total as marked, however, sold for consumption fresh, or as canned, smoked, dried and other forms. It showed an increase over 1932, low year of the depression period, of \$13,207,509 or 51 per cent. Total quantity of fish taken by Canadian fishermen during 1936 was 11,088,279 cwt., with a value at the point of landing of \$22,083,742, compared with a catch of 9,532,016 cwt. and a value of \$20,755,787 in 1933.

Moonlight has an intensity about one-fourth of a foot candle; bright sunlight at noon has an intensity of about 10,600 foot candles.

Left Legacy For Poor

Set Town In Scotland Has No People Who Qualify

There is a small town in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, called Turriff, with a population of over 2,000, who are a very proud people. That is not to say they are conceited, or affect a lofty attitude toward other communities. The colloquial name for it is "Turra," and the locals have a slogan: "Tak awa Turra an' twal miles roon and wau are ye?" If you don't know what that means we'll interpret: "Take away Turriff and twelve miles around and what is left of the universe that is worth while?" "Turra." They regard their town and environs and the people within as the hub of humanity.

Turriff has really justification to boast though. Recently a native of the town died in New Zealand and made a bequest of \$25,000 for the poor of Turriff. That is where the Town Council is in a pickle. There are no poor in Turriff and the administrators cannot carry out the terms of the gift because there is nobody to give any part of the money to. Pending some solution, or the improbability that some of the local folks will go broke, the \$25,000 has been handed over to the custody of the County Council.

A place of that kind surely lives up to the distinction which it confers upon itself.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

A Modern Pastime

Many People Before Public Eye Receive Fan Mail

A writer in the Manchester Guardian considers a trend of to-day that is new and astonishing in vastness—"fan mail."

"Thousands and thousands of these letters are posted every day. It began with actors and actresses, singers and other public entertainers who have for years received letters from their admirers, but as soon as the cinema became the chief medium of entertainment girls and boys, and principally girls began to write to the film stars and fan mail really began. Now it is not confined to film stars, but extends to prime ministers, as we heard from Stanley Baldwin. It extends to everyone who comes before the public eye, even to wrongdoers."

"It is rarely, however, that any one speaks of his pastime. It is a private matter between himself and the adored one, for most of the letters are tributes of admiration."

Accurate Information

Milwaukee Has Plan To Determine What Visitors Spend

H. B. Cowan, Jr., manager of the Examiner's circulation department is just back from attending a convention at Milwaukee and reports an interesting plan by which the Milwaukee Association of Commerce gets accurate information as to the extent of the expenditures made by visitors to the city. Every delegate to a convention receives a questionnaire which he is asked to fill out showing where he stayed, what stores his chief purchases were made at and how much he spent on shelter, amusement and other things. The information to be regarded as strictly confidential.—Peterborough Examiner.

for STIFFNESS

Every copy of Minard's ointment rubbed in soon sets you free from stiffness and aches with warm water before you are regarded as strictly confidential.—Peterborough Examiner.

MINARD'S

"KING OF PAIN"

LINIMENT

Many Factors Enter Into Establishment Of A Sound Plan Of Crop Insurance

Crop insurance attempts in Saskatchewan have failed for several reasons, one of which was small capitalization and lack of adequate financial reserves of operating companies, stated Wilmer J. Hansen, of Ottawa, who addressed members of the Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists at Saskatoon. Mr. Hansen reviewed the whole question of crop insurance as it was related to Saskatchewan.

It was significant, he said, that in the period 1915-1935, there were only three years, 1922, 1923 and 1928, when the average yield of wheat did not fall to five bushels per acre or less in any one municipality of the province. "Even in those years, it may be safely asserted that crop failure was experienced on a considerable number of individual farms," he said.

There were many factors affecting the wheat crop in Saskatchewan which demanded consideration in insuring the crop. Some of these were soil and topography, chemical, physical and biological characteristics of the soil, arability, texture of soil and subsoil, tendency to drift, location with respect to the drouth area, climatic conditions, prevalence of plant disease, infestation by birds, animals, rodents and insects, besides many farm procedure factors, including preparation of the seed bed, selection of wheat varieties, the depth and rate of seeding, selection of farm power, weed control, insect control, rotation methods, use of fertilizers and so on.

The yield of wheat per acre was the result of the unpredictable combination of all the foregoing factors.

During the last 20 years, Mr. Hansen said, the yield of wheat per acre had been a more important factor than the acreage needed in determining the total production of wheat in the province.

During the period 1916-1935, 252,000,000 acres had been seeded to wheat. Regarding yields not in excess of five bushels per acre as crop failures, approximately nine per cent of the acreage seeded to wheat had been a crop failure, and four per cent had produced bumper crops. Bumper crop periods had been less frequent than other type years. "They are apparently the exception rather than the rule," the speaker said.

Several attempts at crop insurance had been made by insurance companies; the types including yield insurance (general crop coverage) cost of production or investment, minimum cash value per acre, citrus and truck garden crops, and hail insurance.

The attempts at general crop insurance had failed because: (1) Operations were restricted to a relatively small area, the entire acreage of which was affected by drouth. (2) The insurance contract covered prices as well as yield, and prices took an unexpected drop. (3) The data were insufficient upon which to base coverage and premium rates in order to avoid over and under insurance. (4) Inefficient management and lack of control over agents; writing of insurance late in the season when it was evident losses would be incurred, and (5) small capitalization and lack of adequate financial reserves on the part of the operating companies which would enable them to spread risks and conduct operations for a long period.

The problem of crop insurance was not that of averaging losses of the individual farmer from year to year, as it was one of averaging the losses over a period of years, the speaker declared. It was not so much of spreading the income of a group of farmers as much as spreading the income of individual farmers over a period of years.

Yield insurance aimed at giving protection covering such uncontrollable hazards as drouth, hail, wind, temperature, insect infestation, plant diseases, flood, lightning and tornado. A 60 per cent coverage of the long-term average yield of wheat would perform a reasonable service, the speaker believed.

He discussed the feasibility of compulsory crop insurance, and drew the conclusion that a modified com-

modity crop insurance plan was desirable. Technical insurance matters such as payment of premiums and the position of tax payments with respect to indemnities, were also discussed.

New Gadgets

U.S. Patent Office Chattered Up With Inventions

Inventions on which patents were granted by the U.S. Patent Office during the past month included the following:

A necktie constructed in telescoping sections so that it can be adjusted to any length.

A golf club with a drill in the top of the shaft for boring a hole in which to insert a wooden tee when the ground is hard.

A salt shaker with a rotatable brush inside the cap for clearing the perforations of caked salt.

A refrigerator tray which freezes ice in spheres instead of cubes.

A strokelight bag for golf clubs.

A sandwich bag with a special compartment in the bottom for salt and pepper.

A machine for slicing mushrooms.

Time.

New Honored By Nation

Chinese Once Denounced As Traitor Given New Home

Ma Hsiao-ping, 36-year-old state councillor who was impeached as a traitor 40 years ago because he tried to float a loan in the United States for industrial development of China, has moved into a new home in Nanjing.

Public funds of \$15,000 were raised to honor his great age and a new house was built. Ma was impeached in 1897 by the Peking board of censors who branded the anti-foreigners campaign of Ten Hsi, emperor dowager. A devout Catholic, Ma attributes his great age and continued vigor to his unvaried diet consisting of sweet milk, wheat biscuits, light French wine, chicken broth, poached eggs, orange juice and no chocolate.

Park Animals Friendly

Antics Of Bears Go Over Big With Jasper Visitors

Various species of wild life are now looked upon as part and parcel of the everyday doings at Jasper Park Lodge. This year the four-footed animals seem to be on a more friendly basis than ever and already have come out to check the guests at the lodge over. Apparently they have approved and are carrying on where they left off last year.

The bears, of course, race lightly in guest interest and already have started to stage their hippodrome wrestling bouts on the first fairway of the golf course. Their frolicsome antics have gone over in a big way with the early visitors.

Study Quits

To Publish Result Of Psychological Study Carried Out By University

Why Canada's world-famed Dionne quintuplets behave as the five healthy youngsters they are will be disclosed in his next annual report, Dr. Allan Ray Dufco, their physician, said. The report will be published this fall. Results of a psychological study of the quintuplets, carried out by University of Toronto experts under Dr. W. E. Blatz, psychologist and educationist, are being compiled now. Findings of the experts were passed on to Dr. Dufco.

Good After Dinner Story

The death of the window of Pett Ridge recalls the wonderful work he did for children in East London. A humorous writer, his hobby was child welfare. He was also a first-class after-dinner speaker. One of his best after-dinner stories was of a notice which he said he had seen outside one of the then new dance halls. The notice read: "The management have the right to refuse admission to any lady they think proper."

King George I. of England, could not speak the language of his domain.

Rubber Trees Short Lived

Are Only Valuable Commercially For About 30 Years

A short time ago we learned a lot about the plantations in India from J. M. Gibbons, of Assam, and then we took our second lesson in exporting trees of the British Empire from Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Sparks, a charming English couple who have left their comfortable abode in Penang, Straits Settlements, for a trip to the Old Country. We were told that rubber, as it runs from the trees looks like a harmless cup of milk, but it has a nasty trick of gumming up everything it touches. A couple of drops in your hair, for instance, will send you to the barber to be shaved as bald as a baby. Estates, started mostly by tappers from Sumatra, India, run from 200 to 10,000 acres. Trees resemble our fir in size and live indefinitely. Their commercial life is about 25 to 30 years, but science is devising a system of bud grafting at the base of the trunk which planters hope will raise yearly production from 400 pounds an acre to two thousand. The milky sap (called latex) is haggled to the factory where it is mixed into tanks, broken down with water and mixed with acid to coagulate. It's left overnight with aluminum slats inserted in the tanks, so that in the morning the rubber has formed hard white slabs. These are rolled to one-eighth-inch thickness and sent to the smoke houses for two to five days until thoroughly dry and a beautiful amber brown in color. The product is then exported to manufacturers throughout the world who start in to tear the slabs apart and make them all over again. Mr. Sparks has been on his plantation for 27 years. When he first arrived he covered the estate on horseback, but now he uses a little two-seater car to go over his 2,000 acres.—Toronto Telegram.

Clay In The Cypress Hills

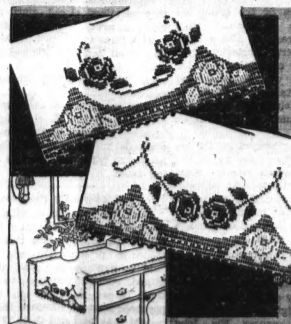
Rich Deposit Of Bentonite Is Awaiting Development

Mr. W. G. Worcester, professor of ceramics in Saskatchewan University, reports that rich deposits of bentonite in the Cypress Hills await development. Bentonite is used in 50 different commercial processes. Its chief use in oil refining is that of decolorizing oil, and in soap-making of whitening off-colour tallow. Old newspaper is now being recovered in the United States by a process in which the clay is employed to remove printer's ink from newspapers and magazines, and clean paper is then made from the pulp. Dry cleaners use this clay for rejuvenating cleaning fluids.

Would Be Accommodation

One of the latest suggestions for the railways, put forward by a committee of a railway equipment company, is for a double-deck passenger car with skeleton framing, which will quickly load automobiles from station platforms and transport them with the passengers' luggage and the passengers below.

Combine Crochet and Cross Stitch



PATTERN 5751

Here's a bit of simple "Addition" that adds up to something full of charm and color! Combine a border of crochet with a cross stitch motif that echoes the same dainty rose design, and you'll bring new beauty to scarf, towel, pillow cases or other linens. If you prefer, use either the cross stitch or crochet alone, doing the embroidery in a single or varied colors, the crochet in white or colored thread. In pattern 5751 you will find a transfer pattern of two motifs 4 1/2 inches, two motifs 3 1/2 x 7 1/2 inches, a chart and directions for a 3 x 1/2 inch crocheted edge; material requirements; illustrations of all stitches used; color suggestions.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in stamps or (mail preferred) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Unit, 170 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is also Alice Brooks pattern book published

Farm Club Work Has Placed Young Farmers In Position Of Commanding Importance

Depends On Circumstances

Sometimes Shows Good First Steps Should Be Striven

On retiring after 46 years of progressively successful service to the Canadian Pacific Railway, one employee declared facetiously that his promotion was accounted for by his breaking of the company's rules. This sounds like insubordination, but insubordination will not get any individual far along the road to success. A little thought brings the conviction that circumstances may arise in which hard-and-fast regulations will not work. In moments of doubt a man, eager to do the right thing, may throw aside all the rules, bring common sense to his guide. In the railway business, as in all other tentative enterprises, quick decisions are necessary, and there may be no time to consult the rule-book. There will be more commendation for a man who succeeds by breaking the rules than for one who fails by sticking to them.

There are precedents for this disregard of orders and rules. Military leaders find themselves in positions where disregard of recognized tactics and reliance on initiative will save the day. And didn't the mighty Nelson at Copenhagen place his blind eye to the telescope when signals ordered him to retire from the battle? And where is there a greater naval hero than Nelson? He obeyed commands but "England expects every man to do his duty" was most effective than orders. Anyway, William Fulton has been a highly successful railway official.—Toronto Globe and Mail.

Process Is A Secret

Molten Glass Can Be Drawn Into Fine Strong Threads

Underwear, blankets and wool can now be made from glass. The process of manufacture is a close secret, but this much is known. Steam is applied to molten glass and turns it into a snow-white, fluffy mass which can be drawn into fine threads of great strength.

Each thread is 1/30th the diameter of a human hair and is drawn at the rate of 260,000 feet per minute, or 3,000 miles an hour—faster than a high velocity rifle bullet. If the quantity of glass in an ordinary pint milk bottle were subjected to this process it would more than lap the world at the equator.—Montreal Star.

Passenger trips taken on British railways in a recent month numbered 99,911,912.

Overalls with pictures of the city printed on them are now sold in London.

One of the distinctive features of modern agriculture in the Dominion is the prominence of youth in all that pertains to the industry. This was not always so. In times gone by, owing to force of circumstances there was little inducement to youth on the farm further than a love of hard work, but, since the interest of young people has been aroused, the love of achievement in the oldest and greatest of all industries has placed the young farmer in a position of commanding importance.

This commanding position is in reality the outcome of one of the most progressive and encouraging movements of modern times, namely, farm club organization for girls and boys. Officially known as "Boys' and Girls' Farm Club Work in Canada," the movement is designed to develop interest in the farm and farm life; to provide a practical education in agriculture and home economics; to improve farm practices; to encourage departments of better livestock and seed; and to train young people for citizenship in their respective districts.

The boys' and girls' farm club work is encouraged by Dominion and Provincial Departments of Agriculture, and Extension Departments of the Universities and Agricultural Colleges, and is consolidated and co-ordinated through the "Canadian Council on Boys' and Girls' Farm Work." The movement is widespread in its scope and outlook, and the increasing enrolment of members is encouraging. In 1931 there were 1,216 clubs with a membership of 21,145. In 1936 the number of clubs had increased to 1,998 and the membership to 34,457.

The membership of the Canadian Council on Boys' and Girls' Farm Club Work includes the Dominion Department of Agriculture, the Provincial Departments of Agriculture, with the exception of Saskatchewan which is represented by the Extension Department of the University, and several business institutions and associations. The central office of the council is in the Confederation Building, Ottawa, and the General Secretary is A. E. MacLaurin.

Would Help Growers

If Canada Had More Plants For Canning Vegetables

Possibly if Canadians knew better how to can vegetables or if cities encouraged the establishment of plants as canneries in smaller centres, we should help the Canadian growers and workers. For the value of the fresh vegetables imported during April increased approximately \$133,000 over April, 1936. The amount was \$792,000 as compared with \$659,000 of which the United States supplied \$609,221. Domestic exports of fresh vegetables were worth \$145,000 as compared with \$108,000 of which the United States took \$113,174. Potatoes were exported in heavier volume, amounting to 198,736 bushels as compared with 102,000, the United States being the largest purchaser.—Brandon Sun.

Indian Prince Buys Jewels

Pays \$74,175 For Necklace Which Belonged To French Queen

An Indian prince paid \$15,000 (\$74,175) for a diamond necklace which belonged to Marie Antoinette. The necklace, with 43 stones in a red Morocco case bearing the coat-of-arms of the French Republic, was purchased at Sotheby's auction by an agent for the Maharajah of Barhanga. It was sold by its joint owners, the Archduchess Blanca of Austria and Princess Beatrice of Bourbon, daughters of Don Carlos, late claimant of the Spanish throne.

Sky Scraper In Germany

Hamburg is to have a towering New York-like skyline as a "monumental expression" of its importance as a world port. An extensive program of tall buildings has been authorized by Chancellor Adolf Hitler and announced to the Hamburg Senate. One of the first projects will be a 60-story skyscraper, 580 feet high. Others, ranging up to 35 stories, will include a hotel for workers.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Reserve championship for Percherons at the Calgary exhibition, won by Konzeur, owned by Mitchell and Keith of Edmonton.

Harvard observatory has announced the discovery by Dr. P. Finisler, professor of mathematics at the University of Zurich, Switzerland, of a new comet of the seventh magnitude.

T. H. Bickle, son of Edward Bickle, Toronto broker, died by asphyxiation at the bottom of the St. Lawrence river while he worked in diving equipment attempting to recover an outboard motor.

Twenty-two more employees of the Soviet Far Eastern Railways have been executed as "agents of the Japanese intelligence service, spies and diversionists," Khabarovsk press advice reported.

Prime Minister Chamberlain has accepted an invitation to become honorary president of the League of Nations union, it became known, but coupled his acceptance with a strong warning the union must be strictly non-party in character.

A contract for the construction of an aircraft carrier as part of the 1937 naval building program has been awarded to Vickers-Armstrong, Ltd., of Barrow-in-Furness, the admiralty announced. The warship is to be named H.M.S. Indomitable.

Canada should have a coast-to-coast line of beams to safeguard air travel, Hugh B. Monaghan, past president of Hamilton Aero Club, said on his return from a trip to Moose Jaw via the air route. Radio was needed for safety, he said.

A homing pigeon, "Lady Churchill," released at The Pax, Man., May 18, has completed its flight home to San Antonio, Texas, a distance of 2,039 miles, a communication from Texas stated. The 43-day boy was considered by birdmen to constitute a world's record.

Method Has Been Improved

Engines Oiled While Train Is Moving Means Increased Speed

Recent improvements in the methods of lubrication, to keep moving parts properly oiled while a train is in motion, enables locomotives to meet the growing demands for increased speed and extended runs. This was one of the developments described to the mechanical division of the Association of American Railroads, in convention in Atlantic City.

Many locomotives now are equipped with mechanical lubricators which keep roller bearings, axle rods and other moving parts oiled adequately, thus avoiding wear and friction. Not only does this make possible greater efficiency, but it also reduces terminal servicing of locomotives. Steam locomotives in numerous cases now operate on continuous runs of nearly 1,000 miles, while in the passenger service on certain railroads. Diesel locomotives operate on continuous runs of 2,000 miles.—Buffalo Courier-Express.

Baulking The Auto Thief

New Style Of License Plate Designed For Drivers' Protection

A license plate intended to baulk the most wary auto thief by making him a mark for policemen or citizens as soon as he tries to slip away unnoticed in a stolen car has been invented by Messrs. Philip H. Bales and Thomas Richardson of Winnipeg.

When the car-owner parks his machine he pulls out a section of the plate, out to slide easily into place against a riveted-on back piece of heavy tin, painted a glaring red. This leaves an incomplete plate with a red gap in it that says plainly: "I belong to a stolen car. Come and get me." A car thief cannot get far with the red spot showing. But the rightful owner of the car, returning to his parking place and finding his machine where he left it, merely slips the missing part back into place and goes on his way with a complete license.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Stamps Deplot Food Stuffs

Official stamps depicting foodstuffs are issued by Liberia (pineapple), South Africa (orange tree), Ecuador (cocoa beans), Dahomey (date palm), Liberia (pepper), Kedah (rice), and Mozambique (corn).

For Exhibition Purposes

Surgical Operations On Dogs And Horses Should Be Prohibited

A Toronto magistrate dismissed a charge of cruelty to animals preferred against a veterinary surgeon who clipped a dog's ears and put a wooden frame on the animal's head to keep the mutilated ears in place. The evidence revealed that the dog had been in a fight with another dog and his ears had been so lacerated that it was necessary to perform surgical repairs. The erroneous impression was given that the ear-clipping process was for the purpose of preparing the dog for exhibition purposes. The magistrate remarked that if it had been established that the operation was merely to have the dog's head conform to certain showing fashions, his decision would have been different.

This case brings to recollection that there has been sharp disputes concerning show requirements in the cases of horses and dogs. It was the custom to dock the tails of horses in certain classes, for exhibition purposes, and it was also the custom to clip the ears of certain breeds of dogs and put them into a wooden frame so that they would stand up to give the animal an alert appearance.

These surgical operations were painful, there can be no doubt about that; but showing fashions are immutable, like the laws of the Medes and Persians. However, many humane persons do not think much of these modes for dogs and horses' tails. They are sufficiently naive to believe that it is hard to improve on nature when it comes to appearance, in the case of all animals. Horses and dogs, who are the faithful servants and companions of human beings, ought not to be subjected to unnecessary pain just because someone has thought of a freak fashion. The way to cure that idea is to clip the ears of exhibitors out and put them in wooden frames until they heal. One experiment of that kind would end any inclination to try it out on the dog.—Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

Rusted Seed Wheat

Experiment Shows Germination Qualities Not Impaired

The use of rusted seed in certain experiments carried out by the field crop branch of the Saskatchewan department of agriculture in 1935 and 1936 suggested that this seed developed as well as the more expensive seeds used under similar conditions. S. H. Vigor, field crops representative of the provincial government, told members of the Western Canadian Society of Agronomy at the University of Saskatchewan.

The conditions under which the grain was seeded, Mr. Vigor said, were approximately normal. The rusted wheat germinated as well as similar samples not rusted and the young plants seemed quite as healthy. Later in the season the crop was subjected to a prolonged drought and hot weather. The crop grown from the rusted seed apparently stood up as well as the other crops in the same vicinity.

Other members of the group indicated similar experiments and found similar results. There was, however, no general conclusion to be drawn from the experiments so far carried out. It was believed that more experimental work might be necessary to conclusively prove the comparative value of the cheaper rusted seed.

Another matter respecting the influence of the rate of sowing on the development of weeds received some attention. Several members suggested that heavier seeding helped in the reduction of weeds in the crop and thus reduced the amount of dockage in the marketed crop.

Not Very Grateful

In Kansas City a woman was knocked down by a car. Out popped Sir Walter Raleigh in the person of Johnny Carroll, grocer. Sir John bashed the lady off, took her into his store, gave her a glass of water and inquired if there wasn't something else he could do for her.

"Well," she said, "I've got to get some groceries before I go home. Will you take me across the street to the chain store?"

Occasionally a man gets so discouraged that he feels like writing poetry.

MAKE THIS MODEL AT HOME—BLIMMING FROCK A STYLE

LEADER
By Anne Adams



You're going to shine in Summer's Fashion Parade when you don this lovely afternoon frock, an Anne Adams "charmer," that seems to melt pounds from your figure and bestow upon you those slender, graceful lines you've been longing for! Club-meetings, tea and high parties, all your varied afternoon festivities will demand just such a flatterer as Pattern 4451, a gown to behold made up in a flower-spangled synthetic, shadowy sheer chiffon, or inexpensive printed voile. Don't you just love the brief sleeves, dainty bow-accented yoke, V-neckline, and gracefully flared skirt? It's a breeze to pattern, and start your frock immediately!

Pattern 4451 is available in women's sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, and 48. Size 36 takes 3½ yards 89 inch fabric. Illustrated Step-by-Step Sewing Instructions included. Send twenty cents (20c) in coin or stamps (coin preferred) to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

Factory Closed Many Years

Employer in Somerset Town Had Dispute With Labor

Twenty years ago one of the leading glove masters in Yeviol, Somerset, resented the demands of his employees, said "all right, I can do without you."

Within a few minutes his last instructions were obeyed. Work ceased and the great oil engine which gave power to the glove machines petered out, men and women passed out through the doors for the last time. The factory had closed down.

Mr. Gould died, but the "ghost" factory remained closed—until recently when an army of workmen entered.

They found dust inches thick over floors and benches; the sewing machines rust-bound and choked, still with silks threaded through the needles.

With spade, brush and shovel, this large factory had its clean-up. A revival of industry in this busy town demands it. Floor space is urgently needed to cope with Yeviol's increasing trade.

A Profitable Business

A Newly-wed couple in Munich who purchased 18 different bedroom suits, are now spending their honeymoon in prison. Through Hitler's "aid to newly-weds" plan, they obtained special coupons to enable them to get furniture on the hire purchase system. Before they were caught they had sold their 17 surplus suits, realizing about \$20,000.

Forced To Use Concrete

In the midst of a great construction boom, Argentina is faced with a serious shortage of iron and steel. Recently the government, which approved an extensive building program including the erection of several steel-structured departmental buildings, has changed its plans and will now use reinforced concrete instead.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JULY 18

GOD ENCOURAGES A LEADER

Golden text: The Lord will give strength unto his people. Psalm 29: 11.

Lesson: Exodus 3:13—6:1. Devotional reading: Isaiah 6:1-8.

Explanations And Comments

The Source of Help, Exodus 3:13-16. Moses is thinking his mission through. He sees himself trying to arouse his people by telling them that the God of their fathers has sent him to free them. Will they accept him as their divinely appointed leader. He fears not. "Who made this prince and a judge over us?" had been their angry question forty years before when he had taken up their cause against the Egyptians. They will again question his authority. "What is his name?" they will ask concerning "the God of our fathers," for they may have drifted far away from their ancestral faith. How could he convince them of the nature of God?

And God said unto Moses, I AM THAT I AM. The meaning of the Revised Version gives three alternative translations of the Hebrew: I AM WHO I AM, WHO I AM, and I WILL BE WHAT I WILL BE. Moffatt accepts the last translation. "The meaning of the Hebrew," God said to Moses, "I AM hath sent me unto you, and moreover, 'Jehovah, the God of your fathers, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob, hath sent me unto you; this is my name for ever, and this is my memorial unto all generations.' 'This is my name for all time, this is my name for all ages' (Moffatt's translation).

The Return to Egypt; The Meeting of Moses and Aaron, Exodus 18:1-3. Moses took leave of Jethro, his father-in-law, and with his wife and sons started for Egypt, and his brother Aaron met him in the desert. In Goshen they appeared together before the children of Israel and told them what God had assured them they must do. The people believed that God had taken pity on their afflictions and bowed their heads and worshipped him.

Goes To Greenland

Dr. Forsdahl, Of Ottawa, To Visit His Relations In Far North

Dr. A. E. Forsdahl, now a botanist in the National Museum of Canada, is leaving for Godhavn, North Greenland, to visit his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Morten Forsdahl. His father, director of the Danish scientific station, Godhavn, has twice visited Ottawa, but Dr. A. E. Forsdahl has not seen his mother or sister for at least 12 years.

The Canadian Government scientist is sailing to the Far North with Captain Robert (Bob) Bartlett on the schooner Morrisey. Bartlett is headed for Smith Sound between Greenland and Ellesmere Island, but will stop off at Godhavn to enable Dr. Forsdahl to join his family. He will pick him up again two months later.

Dr. A. E. Forsdahl was in the headlines on many occasions in connection with the reindeer drive from Alaska to the Mackenzie district of the North West Territories. He made an investigation of the grazing possibilities of the Mackenzie district and later superintended the arrival of the herd, lecturing on his adventures before the Royal Geographical Society.

Want To Solve Puzzle

How Elv Turns Food Into Electricity Problem For Scientists

How would an elv turn its dinner of fresh fish into 500 volts of electricity? Two scientists who have just returned from Brazil after spending two months studying the electric eels are looking for the answer. The electric eel is said to be part fish and part power plant. "We kept a careful record of electrical discharges of 27 eels," one scientist reported, "and we found that the smallest eel—only eight inches in length—gave off a regular impulse of not less than 110 volts. The most potent discharges recorded was one of 50 volts from an eel about a yard in length." Indiana dwelling along the shores where the eels are found fear the high tension creatures as much as any beast of the jungle.—Peterborough Examiner.

Airplane Fowls

"Say," said the woman customer over the telephone, "the next time order chicken, don't send me any more airplane fowls."

"What do you mean—airplane fowls?" asked the butcher.

"You know what I mean! All wings and machinery and no body."

health
LEAGUE
OF
CANADA
presents
TOPICS
of
VITAL
INTEREST

by DR. J. W. S. McCULLOUGH

ARTICLE No. 1
PREVALENCE OF CANCER

Cancer is rather prevalent all over the world. Knowledge of this fact causes uneasiness in the minds of some middle-aged persons. But cancer is not nearly so prevalent as heart disease and few persons lose any sleep over the thought that they may die from heart disease.

Statistics are quoted to show how rapidly cancer is increasing. The figures published by statisticians, who revel in figures, would lead one to think that cancer is increasing very rapidly. In spite of this, one doubts if there is any considerable increase of cancer cases from year to year.

Much of the apparent increase is due to greater skill of doctors in finding cancer cases. In the better records of mortality in the last generation and to greater knowledge of disease among the people themselves. Moreover, people of the present generation are living longer than those of former generations. Fifteen years on the average have been added to the life of man since 1900. Since cancer is a disease chiefly of middle life and after, the longer people live the better opportunity there is for them to develop cancer. Ninety per cent. of all cancers occur after 35 years. The prevalence of cancer, while serious enough, need not unnecessarily alarm the public.

Every at this cancer is a serious malady. It stands second in the list of the "killing" diseases. In the last 30 years cancer has displaced tuberculosis from this position. The affection costs Canada between 10,000 and 11,000 lives each year.

Countries with a higher average age in its population appear to have more cancer, judging by the death rates, than countries where the average age is low. Great Britain and the continental countries of Europe, have, for this reason, more cancer than young countries like Canada, where the ages of the people are on the whole, lower. Similarly, there is, for the same reason, more cancer in the older provinces than there is in the prairie provinces. The latter's population is on the average younger than that of the Maritimes, Ontario, Quebec and British Columbia. As our country gets older, and the population assumes a higher average age, the incidence of cancer is likely to increase.

Article No. 2 will be "What Is Cancer?"

Good Place To Live

Helsingfors Will Not Allow Noise At Any Time

Angora, which has just issued a decree prohibiting unnecessary noises in the streets, has nothing on the city of Helsingfors in the matter of quietness. In the big Finnish seaport motor horns and sirens are banned, there is a similar veto on tram bells and ships' hooters, newsways are forbidden to shout, hawkers have to peddle their wares sotto voce while even street corner orators are compelled to spout indoors. As a result a sort of Sabbathian calm prevails at the busiest hours, and profoundly impresses the average visitor.—Glasgow Bulletin.

Sodium Sulphate Production

The natural sodium sulphate industry is growing rapidly in Saskatchewan, having risen from 6,562 short tons in 1929 to 72,000 tons in 1936, according to "Canadian Finance". Sodium sulphate is used in the manufacture of cast paper, and in the smelting of nickel-copper ores. It is also used in the glass, dye and textile trades, and for medicinal and tanning purposes.

Beaver dams were important and helpful in controlling erosion in this country before man's arrival.

PLANT TO SEPARATE ARABS AND JEWS IN THE HOLY LAND

London.—Palestine, the national homeland of Jewry, the holy land of Christians, and the native land of nearly 1,000,000 Moslem Arabs will be divided into three parts if recommendations of the Palestine royal commission are approved by the League of Nations.

The commission was appointed by the British government to investigate causes of repeated disturbances and conflicts between the Jews and the Arabs. In effect it found the conflicting national aspirations of the two races could not be harmonized within a single state.

Its proposals, endorsed by the British government in a white paper, involve creation of independent Arab and Jewish states and erection of a third zone under British administration over certain localities within the Arab and Jewish states.

The plan involves revocation of the League of Nations mandate under which the United Kingdom has ruled Palestine since conquest of the country by British troops during the Great War. The proposed British zone under the plan would require the issuance of a new mandate from the league.

The government white paper contained a stern warning that, pending establishment of the scheme the British government will maintain peace, order and good government in Palestine.

Advantages of the scheme for both Jews and Arabs are listed by the commission in its report.

Partition of the country would create establishment of a Jewish national home and remove any prospect of its being subject to Arab rule.

The Arabs too would obtain national independence and freedom to co-operate with Arabs in neighboring countries. They would be relieved of the fear of being "swamped" by Jews through immigration. Their holy places would be protected and guaranteed against ever coming under Jewish control. To compensate for loss of territory they would receive a subvention from the Jewish state, and a grant of \$10,000,000 from the British treasury.

In the immediate future steps will be taken to prohibit any sale of land from Arabs to Jews or Jews to Arabs which might prejudice the scheme and to limit Jewish immigration during the eight-month period from August, 1937, to March, 1938, to 8,000 persons.

The two new states would be created by means of treaties negotiated between the British government, and the government of Trans-Jordan and representatives of the Arabs in Palestine, and the Zionist organization. The commission's proposal for the Arab state is that it should comprise a large section of the present Palestine with the present Arab state of Trans-Jordan.

The United Kingdom would undertake to support requests from the Arab and Jewish states for admission to the League of Nations. The treaties would include strict guarantees for protection of minorities and would be accompanied by military conventions.

The Jewish state would occupy the whole of the northern tip of Palestine with a long pan-handle extending southward along the coast. Its boundary would follow the northern boundary of Palestine and travel around the easterly boundary southward through the Lake of Tiberias to Beisan. It would then turn westward to Megiddo and then swing southward, paralleling the coast and along the eastern edge of the maritime plain to the south of Rehovot at which point it would turn westward towards the sea.

Ancient Skeleton

Winnipeg.—The skeleton of an Indian girl who died some 2,000 years ago was found near Trebank, 120 miles west of here, and is now in possession of the Manitoba museum. Stuart Cridle, of Trebank, a museum director, investigated the grave five feet below the earth's surface and said the bones were well preserved.

Loyalists On Offensive

Spanish Government Troops Push Back Rebel Lines

Hendaye, Franco-Spanish Frontier.—Spanish government troops pushed ahead in one of the heaviest offensives of the civil war to shatter insurgent lines on the western side of Madrid.

Military sources at Irún confirmed government despatches insurgent lines in South Escorial had been broken. Government commanders threw 25,000 men against insurgent forces in the vicinity of Navalcarnero, a supply base and concentration point.

In Madrid the government announced Villanueva de la Canada, due west of the capital, had fallen before the assault of General Jose Miaja's troops.

Brunete, a key point nearby, was already in government hands, official despatches said, but the insurgent command denied Brunete had been occupied.

The sudden attack along the west central front, designed to lift the eight-month insurgent siege of Madrid, stretched on a zigzag line from Escorial, northwest of Madrid, to the region below Navalcarnero, southwest of the capital.

Generalissimo Francisco Franco's insurgent lines buckled and broke under the attack south of Escorial, government despatches said.

Insurgent sources admitted the sweeping offensive might necessitate withdrawal of insurgent forces from other fronts.

Government soldiers concentrated many of their attack on cutting a network of roads over which supplies have been sent to insurgents in the Caso de Campo and University City suburban sector of Madrid.

A Tentid City

Ten Thousand War Veterans To Gather At Brantford Convention

Brantford.—A tent city housing 10,000 Great War veterans from many points in Canada and the United States will arise at Agriculture park here July 31 to accommodate a portion of the 25,000 veterans expected for the ex-imperial convention and reunion of ex-servicemen and women.

The big gathering will run from July 31 to Aug. 2. The big camp, to be known as the Salisbury camp, will be laid out in streets, each named after one of the great battles of the war, with James Cook as camp commandant.

Under canvas will be members of the Black Watch, Royal Navy, South African, Old Contemptibles, Fourth Battalion, First Battalion, Gallipoli, Mesopotamia, Palestine, Belgian, French and even German war veteran associations. At least 70 imperial army regiments will be represented.

Makes Test Flight

Connections For Yukon And Alaska Route, Via Edmonton And Montana

Edmonton.—Making a test flight over the route which will be used to ferry Yukon and Alaska air passengers from Edmonton to Montana on the inaugural flight of this service, W. Leigh Brintnell, head of MacKenzie Air Service, flew from Edmonton to Great Falls, Montana and return, 1,000 miles. He made the 200-mile flight from Edmonton to Calgary in one hour and five minutes. Mr. Brintnell announced that as soon as delivery can be made, a twin-motored 200-miles-per-hour craft will be put into service on this route. The test flight was made in a small, speed Beechcraft. Landing in Edmonton, Brintnell completed the flight in 11 hours, including stopovers.

Entry From E.P. Ranch

Took Reserve Grand And Reserve Senior Ribbons At Calgary

Calgary.—Mystic Prince, owned by Duncan Campbell of Moffat, Ont., was awarded grand and senior championships for Shorthorn bulls at the Calgary exhibition. Princeton Republic, from the E.P. ranch at Pekisko, Alta., owned by the Duke of Windsor, took the reserve grand and reserve senior ribbons.

Two "Gienburn" animals exhibited by F. H. Deacon of Unionville, Ont., were judged junior champion and reserve junior Shorthorn bulls. (2213)

ATTORNEY-GENERAL



Gordon S. Wismer, K.C., prominent Vancouver lawyer, who has been appointed Attorney-General of British Columbia following the recent provincial elections in which the Liberal Government was successful. Mr. Wismer succeeds Hon. Gordon Sloan, who was recently appointed to the Appeal Court bench.

Riders Are Injured

Chuck Wagon Race Brings Thrills At Calgary Stampede

Calgary.—Riders throned high in the air, wagons splintered and broken and horses running wild brought thrills to the Calgary stampede crowd during the chuck wagon races.

Two riders were injured, and a third, after being thrown 10 feet in the air when two chuck wagons collided, escaped injury.

Most seriously injured was George Emery, outrider for the Bremner outfit from De Winton, who was thrown into the path of onrushing wagons when his horse stumbled. He suffered internal injuries, hospital attendants reported. Jack Higgins, a driver from Big Valley, Alta., suffered a broken leg in the collision.

Big Salmon Catch

St. John's, Nfld.—Governor Sir Humphrey Walwyn and his son, Lieut. Walwyn, caught 102 salmon between them in six days' fishing. The father caught 36, aggregating 211 pounds, and his son had 66 fish with a total poundage of 396. A third rod in the party took 75 fish totalling 450 pounds.

ROOSEVELT BRIDE IN NUPTIAL GOWN



This charming camera study of Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, Jr., the former Ethel duPont, shows the bride in her wedding gown. Photo copy-right Jay To Winburn.

De Valera To Carry On

Throws Down The Gauntlet To The Labor Opposition

Dublin.—President Eamon de Valera, who failed to get a majority in the Irish Free State elections for the dail (parliament) threw down the gauntlet to the Labor party.

Defying the 13 Labor members to oppose him, the president declared in a statement:

"The dail fall (the government party) is satisfied that its policy was justified in practice and will not be diverted from it either to the right or to the left by any form of political pressure."

His new constitution will be in operation within six months, he said. Labor and the fine Gael party opposed the constitution, but in the referendum taken in connection with the parliamentary elections it was approved by 999,435 to 452,692.

The new charter, De Valera said, will be the "fundamental law on which the whole political structure of our state will rest."

Congestion In British Areas

Commission To Investigate The Distribution Of Population

London.—Prime Minister Chamberlain in the House of Commons announced appointment of a royal commission to investigate the causes influencing the present distribution of Great Britain's industrial population.

It will also look into the probable direction of any future change in distribution and consider the disadvantages arising from concentration of industries in the big cities.

Sir Montague Barlow is chairman of the commission which has 12 other members, including two women.

Sir Montague was chairman of a royal commission on the Alberta coal industry in 1935 and is a former minister of labor and government representative at international labor conferences in Geneva.

U.S. Buys Planes

Contract Awarded For 210 Pursuit Aeroplanes With Speed Of 300 Miles Per Hour

Washington.—The United States war department has awarded a \$4,113,550 contract to the Curtis Wright Corporation of Buffalo, N.Y., for 210 pursuit aeroplanes.

The machines are designed as low wing, all metal cabin monoplanes powered by single radial aircooled engines developing 1,100 horsepower and capable of driving the ships at a speed exceeding 300 miles an hour, the war department said.

TRAIL BLAZING ATLANTIC FLIGHT IS APPLAUDED

London.—The clock-like precision with which the two flying boats, the Imperial Airways Caledonia and the Pan-American Clipper III, spanned the Atlantic was hailed in the press.

An editorial in the Times applauded the dual east and west flights as a severely successful test of the meteorological services, as well as a trial of the boats themselves. The newspaper, however, cautioned against over-enthusiasm.

The Daily Mail hailed the trail-blazing trip across the Atlantic "as the greatest stride in trans-Atlantic commercial voyages since the first steamship crossed the ocean more than a century ago."

The Morning Post heralded the approaching "end of an era of pioneering adventure" and the beginning of an "era of settled commerce." The flight will provide the means of rapid communication with Canada "which will be invaluable in peace or in war," the newspaper said.

The Yorkshire Post stressed the contrast between this "calmly planned operation and the wild, if heroic flights of pioneers and adventurers in the past."

Oriental Trouble

Clash Between Chinese And Japanese Troops Reported

Tokyo.—The Oriental trouble centre shifted swiftly from the Soviet Manchoukuo frontier to Fengtai, near Peking where Chinese and Japanese troops were said to have clashed while the latter carried out secret midnight manoeuvres.

Numerous casualties on both sides were recounted in Japanese despatches reaching here, and it was said artillery, trench mortars and machine guns were used.

The scene was only 60 miles south of the Great China wall, and 12 miles from Peking which could hear the reverberation of cannon fire.

A second fight was said to have followed the Fengtai battle, the latter clash at Lukowkiao.

Both sides were said to be fighting desperately.

Domel (Japanese) News agency despatches from Peking said Japanese reinforcements were being rushed from Fengtai, vital railway junction, to Lukowkiao.

One Japanese non-commissioned officer was reported killed, a lieutenant was wounded, and several soldiers were injured. The number of Chinese casualties was not stated.

High Japanese officers were said to be holding an urgent "council of war" on the field near Lukowkiao.

The incident created grave tension here, and Japanese staff officers were rushed to the scene from Peking and Tientsin.

Home Improvement Plan

Mining Towns Seem To Make The Best Use Of Loans

Toronto.—New Waterford, N.S., at present tops the list of communities with the highest per capita use of the home improvement plan, according to figures released here. The plan is under governmental sponsorship with co-operation of financial institutions.

New Waterford is a mining community and others like Nelson and Trail in British Columbia, and Timmins, Ont., also stand high in the listing, but not by coincidence, according to the Toronto advisory committee. Mortgages it was explained, are rarely available to property owners in mining towns as few companies are willing to run the risk of their becoming "ghost towns." As a consequence, the government loans are being snapped up by those wishing to make residential repairs.

Butter Prizes Awarded

Calgary.—Manitoba and Alberta exhibits took most of the prizes in creamery butter classes at the Calgary exhibition. Manitoba exhibitors won 24 firsts, 42 seconds and seven thirds, compared to 36 firsts, 75 seconds and 11 thirds for Alberta. Saskatchewan entries won four firsts and one second, and Quebec one second and one third.

STONY PLAIN SUN,

Published Every Thursday at The Sun Office, Stony Plain, Alberta.

Advertising Rates.

Display, Contract 35c.
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Legal and Municipal Notices—
12c a line first insertion; 10c a line
for subsequent insertions.

Thursday, July 15, 1937.

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Office and Residence, 1st St. W.
Opp. Town Hall. Phone 1.

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DR. W. E. WEBBER,
DENTAL SURGEON,
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PHONE 24555.
At Stony Plain on Fridays.

For Sale, 2 good Brood Sows
to farrow soon; 25 young
Pigs, 7 weeks old. Phone 317,
Mrs W. Huston. fs

For Sale, 2 Sows; one farrows in
2 weeks, other in September;
Also 2 Horses for sale, R. E. Jay,
Stony Plain. hs

For Sale, 2 Lots on Main street,
opposite Royal Hotel, formerly
occupied by Christie restaurant;
habitable 4-room building on one
lot; sell reasonable. Apply Sun
Office.

MAN WANTED for Rawleigh
Route of 800 families. Write
today. Rawleigh, Dept. WGR-96
SA, Winnipeg, Man., Canada.

At the Sandwich Emporium.

Heavy—Bring me another sand-
wich, please.
Waiter—Yes, sir; and will there
be anything else?
Hon.—Yes, a paper weight; that
last sandwich blew away.

Time Table for Mails.

Mails to East by Train—4.50 a.
m. Mon. Thurs. Sat.
By Bus—11 a.m. Tues., Wed.
Friday.
Mail from East by train—11.13
p.m. Sun. Tues. Friday.
By Bus—4.55 p.m. on Wed.,
Thurs., Sat.

Inga M. D. Poundkeepers.

Poundkeeper—Mr. Peter Sware,
Post Office, Stony Plain. Pound
located on N.E. 29, 52, 1w5.
Poundkeeper—Mr. Jacob Gash-
nitz, Post Office, Duffield. Pound
located on SE, 5, 52, 3w5.
Poundkeeper—Mr. D. McDonald,
Post Office, Carvel. Pound located
on SE, 28, 51, 2w5.
Div. 5—Geo. Searle; pound located
SE, 18 53-2-w5.

The Market Report

WHEAT.	
No. 1 Northern	124
No. 2 Northern	122
No. 3 Northern	116
No. 4 Northern	112
OATS.	
2 C. W.	50
3 C. W.	49
Extra 1 Feed	48
No. 1 Feed	47
No. 2 Feed	45
BARLEY	
No. 3	57
No. 4	52

COMPLETE YOUR
TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS
AND BOOK YOUR
Steamship and Rail Tickets
FROM THE
LOCAL AGENT
CANADIAN NATIONAL
RAIL AND STEAMSHIP LINES

Stony Plain and District.

Mrs Sam Holt and little daughter, from Rich Valley, Alberta, are visiting this week with Mrs Rudolf Miske, south of town.

Mr Wm Irvine, the new manager for the Federal elevator, is expected to take charge today, the 15th.

Mr Seiball moved on Monday, with his family, to Edmonton, where he will engage in the contracting business. Mr Parker has purchased the Seiball house on 2d ave.

Mr Val Kulak Jr., who had been visiting with old friends here, left on Friday for his home at Vernon B.C.

A Missionfest will be held on Sunday nex, July 18th, at St Matteew's Church, Rev E Eberhart pastor. Rev Unterschuetz will preach in the morning, and Rev Rudenz at the afternoon service.

The Pastor and Congregation of St John's Lutheran Church, Blueberry intend holding their annual Missionfest Sunday July 25

Owing to Tuesday evening's rainstorm, the Picnic and Sports Day billed for Hansen's Corners had to be postponed.

Sommerfield & Mayer, agents for General Motors Products, received a carload of Chevrolet trucks last week, and on Monday got in a consignment of Chevrolet sedans and coaches.

Lost—At Edmonton Beach, Lady's Jantzen Bathing Suit. Reward on return to Geo. J. Bryan, Stony Plain. he
BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED at The Royal Cafe.

Notes of Sport.

Captain Otto Dreitz took his team of ballplayers to the City on Sunday for a League game with the Arrow Busses, and after considerable battling came out on top to the tune of 11 runs to 8. Stony's battery: Ph & Ed Enders and Otto Dreitz.

Stony Seniors play a game at Spruce Grove with the Grove team, this Thursday evening, to what is expected to be a full house.

At the League ball game at the Grove on July 7th, Stony Seniors lost to Onoway by the score of 7 runs to 4. Stony's team was minus several of its good players, our good thirdbaseman, F N Miller, being at the Coast.

Spruce Grove News.

Mr Smith, the new manager at the Searle elevator here, has taken charge. He replaces Mr Risvold, who has gone to Calgary.

Mr Joe Weismontel informed your correspondent on Friday of his intention of taking a trip East, starting on or about the 15th.

The Grove's ball team won first prize on the Sports Day last week; but did not do so well up at Onoway on the 8th, losing to the bunch from Busby.

The Onoway vs Grove League game here on Sunday resulted in a win for the home team—10 runs to 6. The feature of the game was Player Elkin's three-bagger, bringing in 2 men. Grove's battery: Loeblich and Goebel. Umpire, F Loeblich.

The July 8th football game, Indians vs Spruce Grove, resulted in a win for the former by 1 goal.

A League ball game is billed for the Grove tonight. The pupils and teachers at the local Sunday School picnicked at Edmonton Beach on Friday.

Duffield Sports Day, Wednesday, July 28th.

Fifteen Rounds of BOXING,
Two Bouts of WRESTLING,
Baseball Tournament, Horse Racing
Softball Tournament, Car Races
Basketball, Horseshoe Tournament,
Bicycle Races, Foot Races, Etc.
Dance in Evening. You're Invited.

A GOOD ROAD AND A NEW CHEVROLET SIX FOR REAL PLEASURE.

Wherever You Find Autos, there You Find
a New Chevrolet Six.

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You can rely on U.G.G. Binder Twine just as you can rely on United Growers to give you good service. From long experience farmers all over the west have learned that U. G. G. Twine is of highest quality. The price is the lowest practical for good twine, and twine will be ready for delivery when needed.

Let your U. G. G. Agent know that you want U. G. G. Twine so your supply can be ready for you.

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD

ELEVATOR AT GAINFORD.

Canadian National Railways

NEW LOWER SUMMER FARES to PACIFIC COAST.

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Return Limit: First-class, October 31st.
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Proportionately Low Fares Beyond.

Air-conditioned Sleeping Cars, Diners and Observation Cars.

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THE YELLOW BRIAR

A Story of the Irish on the
Canadian Countryside
By PATRICK SLATER
By arrangement with Thomas
Allen, Publisher, Toronto.

CHAPTER VIII.—Continued

"Cross your heart, Paddy, are there faeries?" the child asked me. "I'll not be denying them," I told her, "or the little people might let me fall down and hurt myself."

"Why, Betty," I went on earnestly, "the world wouldn't get along at all without the faeries. It's the faeries that keep the little birds and bees from getting lost. It's a fairy that teaches a little calf to bunt and wag its tail in order to get the milk. Come down with me," said I, "and I'll show you the faeries at their work."

As we entered the stable door, the swallows were skimming in and out from their clay nest stuck on the ceiling beams.

"Just look at that," said I, "it's the Irish faeries that taught the birds to build their neat clay cabins up where everything is safe and dry."

"Oh," Betty questioned, "but the swallows always did that?"

"Oh no," I told her, "you couldn't do that till the Irish came into the country and built the stables for them. And, of course," I proceeded, "the faeries we brought with us from Ireland knew all about mud cabins and such like..."

The old sow, Sally had farrowed that morning, and I had just left her sprawled contentedly on her flank, with a mass of squirming black sucklings pulling at her dugs.

"Just look, my lady, at the faeries teaching the little birds to get their bellies full of milk," I told the child.

"Oh! Dad, how many are there?" she exclaimed, as she hoisted herself on the side of the pen.

"Twelve," said I, "and a runt. And each one knows off-hand his own proper drinking place, and watch him fight for it. Now that," said I, "must be the work of the faeries."

"Why, Betty," said I, "you wouldn't be denying your own little faery? She comes to you when you are all alone, and tells you you are a bad little girl, and makes you feel sorry."

"Well," Betty confided to me, "I never right heard her talking, Paddy, but I do feel her whispering to me..."

"There you are," said I, "your own tiny play may be too small to be seen, but she's round with you all the time, is your little Colleen Ruse. She'll leave old Sarah Duncan to mind babies," I told her, "and come to Paddy Slater for reliable information about the little people."

Time flew by like a bird on the wing. In the spring of 1850, Bob the time, is your little Colleen Ruse. She'll leave old Sarah Duncan to mind babies," I told her, "and come to Paddy Slater for reliable information about the little people."

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in the old history book. He was a collie pup of high degree, with but one year to his credit; but, as for seeing the world, the young dog could do some stout boasting. The best blood of Scotland, yes, flowed in his veins. James Duffus had brought the young dog out with him that spring from New Pitsligo, in Aberdeenshire; but the Scotman tired quickly of farm conditions in the colony, and, on returning to Scotland that fall, Duffus had given the dog and the boy to one another because of the keen attachment it was a fast friendship that lasted till death parted them. The two were chums who knew no quarrelling; there was never anything between them to forgive or forget. Of course, the normal lifetime of a dog is but a brief space. He reaches maturity at eighteen months; at which time he has got his learning and his habits are formed; and the infirmities of old age creep upon him after the tenth year.

I may like as to what has come out of Aberdeenshire; because I find the Highland Scots well able to blow their own horns. Even their oats, they'll tell you, have more herb and are more nutritious than the chaff like things they grow hereabouts. Yet it is a thing out of the ordinary, I'll admit, that the best beef cattle in the world, the Shorthorn and the Angus, were bred up to perfection in a rough shire that can also boast good dogs and many bonnie women. "Facts are children that winna dig and 'durna be disputed."

The Scotch collie was the dog of the Highland shepherd; and a pure, honest cut was he. For centuries, the faeries held a gentle dominion over the timid, black-faced sheep in the North. Life in the open, during the nights of a thousand years beside the plaid, gave him a fine silken undercoat of thick fur. On his native heath, he knew one master only; and the very life of the dog hung on serving in an acceptable way the great, inscrutable, hairy-legged creature who was helpless and forlorn without him. Even on the Lord's day, the Scotch collie took his shepherd to church; and he had the decency to put off private affairs and dog fighting until the psalms were sung and the benediction said. Centuries of such intimate, personal, working contact with dog-owners, in a great quiet world of flocks and winds, subjected the young of the collie breed to a slow, sterna process of selection under which the witless and the wayward died on the lonely heath, and did not live long enough to reproduce their kind. If a collie bitch let her love fancy wander to another type, it was a pitiless world that faced her mongrel brood.

And the body of the Scotch collie, and mind also, are the result of centuries of training. In eastern lands, the sheep follow the shepherd's rod and staff; on the Scottish Highlands, great flocks roamed leisurely over rough, broken pastures; and it was the lonely shepherd's dog who guarded them as they lay in green pastures, and led them beside the still waters.

Bob's body was built to answer the needs of such a life of service. His ears were small and erect, save at the tips. With body long and thin, flanked, and legs strong and muscular, the shepherd's dog was fleet on his way, and swift as a flash of light. His small, keen, sharp eyes, set slightly oblique on a long pointed skull, followed his master's signals from afar.

One would have to renew within himself the heart of his childhood to realize the thrill it gave Charlie Marshall, a quiet-spoken, barefoot boy of five, to have as his first and as his special and very own possession, a big, fun-loving, brown-eyed dog like Bob. There was a riot in their play; and a noisy climax to the tricks they put over on one another. While the pup pretended to be keen on a bone or busy about affairs of his own, Charlie would make speedy tracks to the barn; and shinning up the ladder, slip through an opening in the loft and down a rope to find a hiding place behind some stump or boulder. Of Bob would then start, his face beaming with excitement, to work out the problem of the broken trail, and with a joyous bound to spring upon the fugitive, pulling at the boy's pants and poking a long, wet snout into his legs. A trail broken by wading up the creek was a smart trick; but Bob solved it. It strikes me that what a dog once learns he never forgets.

2213

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Best-You Baby-Too

Charlie and his dog proved a useful pair about the Marshall farm. It had been the boy's job to bring the milk cows home; and, in some seasons, that had been quite a task for the little lad; because the cows wandered far to find green pickings in sheltered, hidden places. But Bob now went with him, which made it a simple and pleasant matter.

One Saturday afternoon, Charlie slipped off a beam in the barn, and his ankle was badly sprained in the fall. This caused a delay in the coming job; but not to leave things in a lurch like that, the dog quietly went back to the bush and brought the cows up on his own account. I do not, of course, ask you to infer that the dog was doing any thinking; he may have been an automaton guided by some blind instinct. But an interesting point is that Bob did not bring up all the cattle. He did not forget his head with Bud and Bright, nor the other young stock. No! Bob just brought up the cows that required milking. And after that the collie made 'n practice of going for the cows himself; and night and morning he led the gentle, docile, string of sedate matrons wound slowly into the stable yard. And the dog made it a friendly, leisurely business. As you know, a milk cow's nerves should be calm and restful at the milking time, because she actually makes the milk while she expresses it from her. Unless she is in a mild, patient and benevolent humor, her milk glands become stung by their secretions. Bob saw at the milking time, because she actually makes the milk while she expresses it from her. Unless she is in a mild, patient and benevolent humor, her milk glands become stung by their secretions. Bob saw at the milking time, because she actually makes the milk while she expresses it from her. Unless she is in a mild, patient and benevolent humor, her milk glands become stung by their secretions.

One morning, Bob brought up an excited roan heifer to the milking yard. Marshall smiled. "So, Bob, you think Flossie'll be needing the milking 'too." If you'll help me, we'll just slip her into the stable, and after she gets a bit more impatient, we'll follow her down and find her calf.

"It was a highly excited heifer that was let out, after what seemed a long wait, to run bawling down the lane toward the bush where her treasure lay hidden. But it soon became apparent to Marshall that the young roan had not a notion of leading the two brutes to the hiding place of her precious, little, saucer-eyed calf. She was on to their tricks; and time was not the essence so far as she was concerned. No! let that wicked man run his legs off chasing a loving mother over fallen trees in accessible gulches!

And a pale-faced human makes a poor first of finding anything in unbroken timber lands. He has only his ears and eyes to guide his quest. And a young cow, who has gone wild at calving time, hides a calf that crouches mute and still as a granite boulder until hands actually laid on its body prove that the game is up.

(To Be Continued)

Mysteries Of Ocean Currents

Buy Drifts From Arctic Ocean To The Bay Of Biscay

A buoy cast into the Laptev Sea (in the Arctic) by the ice-breaker Sibiryakov during her voyage from Archangel to the Pacific in 1932 has been picked up in the Bay of Biscay, near the French coast, and sent to the All-Union Arctic Institute at Leningrad. It is estimated that the buoy must have travelled more than 7,800 miles, and Professor V. Y. Vises is of the opinion that it drifted from the Laptev Sea to the Polar basin north of Franz Josef Land, then down the East Greenland current to the southernmost promontory of Greenland before reaching the Bay of Biscay—London Times.

A very thin man met a very fat man in the hot corridor of a train. "There might have been a famine," "Yes," was the reply, "and from the look of you, you might have caused it."

Youth Of Canada

Former McGill University Principal Has Words Of Praise

According to Professor A. E. Morgan, former principal of McGill University, Montreal, modern university youth of Canada constitute "one of the very striking assets of Canada."

"In the universities one sees the best examples of those who are going to be the leaders of Canada tomorrow," said Prof. Morgan, who has just returned to Great Britain. He declined to make any comment upon his resignation as principal of McGill. He said he had no definite plans for the future beyond taking a holiday.

"If one dared to generalize, one would say that the youth of Canada is less sophisticated and more optimistic than the youth of Great Britain," said Prof. Morgan.

"This does not mean that conditions have been easy for him. Emotionally, they have not, and the unemployment of youth has been very serious. But their spirits do not seem to have been dampened and one fails to find evidence of cynicism."

Discussing Quebec province, the ex-principal of McGill said "the province is in some ways the most reactionary part of Canada. At the same time, it is a stronghold of the older cultures, both French and English, in that respect it makes a great contribution to the Dominion as a whole both as a leaven and a steadying influence."

Started Him On Career

Unpleasant Experience Set Newspaper Man's Foot On Writing Trail

Frank Clifford Smith, 72, whose literary career began when a bunch of thirsty Indians dumped him ungraciously atop a stove, is dead.

He had been on the Montreal Star's staff for 40 years, and many a time in that period he had set young reporters to chucking over his recital of how he became a writing man. It happened on the western prairies, when he was in charge of an isolated telegraph station.

Indians were about his only companions at the lonely post. One night, he passed around a bottle of "fire-water." The redskins soon drank it, and asked for more. None forthcoming, they took his boots on the office stove and threatened to light the fire unless he found some.

Persuasive argument got him out of the predicament, though, and soon after he capitalized on the incident to win a \$50 prize offered by a London periodical for the best personal adventure story contest. That set his foot on the writing trail, and he wrote plays, novels and short stories from then on, besides his newspaper work. He was a native of Kendal, England.

Wheat has been planted on 32,167,000 acres in India this year, and good crop is expected.

FORMER ATHLETE ALMOST A CRIPPLE

Now "Right As Rain" After Taking Kruschen

Read this letter from an athlete, telling how he obtained relief from rheumatic pains—

"My knees were so stiff with a kind of rheumatoid trouble that I could only rise from a chair with pain and difficulty. This had been growing worse and worse for about two years. It was all the more galling because in my young days I had played for two counties at football and had a mile record for the 100 and 220 yards. Naturally I tried all sorts of embrocation, but with absolutely no perceptible effect. Then I decided to try Kruschen Salt, and to cut a long story short, I am now as right as rain."—W.S.T.

The pains and stiffness of rheumatism are frequently due to deposits of uric acid in the muscles and joints. Kruschen helps to stimulate the excretory organs to healthy, regular activity, and so enables them to eliminate this excess acid from the system.

Little Helps For This Week

One thing have I desired of the Lord, that will I seek after, that I may dwell in the house of the Lord forever, to behold the beauty of the Lord and to inquire in His temple. Psalm 27:4.

Thou art the Temple, and though I am lame, Lame from my birth, and shall be till I die, I enter through the Gate called Beautiful, And alone with Thee, O Thou Most High.

Consider that all which appears beautiful outwardly is solely derived from the invisible spirit which is the source of that outward beauty. These are streams from the uncreated Fountain, drops from the infinite Ocean of all good. Our hearts should rejoice at the thought of that eternal infinite Beauty which is the source and origin of all created beauty.

Not Particularly Helpful

Man Received No Assistance From Secretary Of Client

Arriving in New York on a business trip a gentleman was invited to dine at the house of one of his clients. He forgot to ask how formal the meal was to be, so when he went back to his hotel to dress he called the client's office, and finally got through to his secretary. "I'm going to dinner at Mr. J.'s house," he said, "and I want to know whether to wear a white or a black tie." "That all depends," she said brightly, "on whether you are going to wear tails or a dinner jacket."—The New Yorker.

A REVOLUTION IN THE KITCHEN

Presto-Pack is a new and revolutionary way of handling Household Waxed Tissue, 45 sheets packed in an envelope which you hang on the wall. Then as you require it, just draw out a sheet at a time. You can't draw more. That's the beauty of it.

Try Presto-Pack today. You'll find it the handiest thing in the kitchen.



At grocers, druggists, stationers and departmental stores

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STOP Itching

TORTURE IN A MINUTE

For quick relief from itching of nose, throat, skin, scalp, and other itchy troubles, use Dr. J. C. PRESCRIPTION. It gives the relief the itching alone cannot give. It is the most reliable itching relief in the world. It is the most reliable itching relief in the world. It is the most reliable itching relief in the world.

Wheat's Upward Trend.

A despatch from Winnipeg says Manitoba farmers packed a bagful of reasons for rejoicing, while thousands in sections of Saskatchewan and eastern Alberta were certain they would have but little wheat to sell on probably the highest market since the late 1920's.

Talk of \$1.50 a bushel for new crop wheat at Winnipeg circulated among optimists as they looked over the past month of skyrocketing grain prices on Winnipeg grain exchange.

Gains from wheat's low points early in June totalled 33c to 39c up to July 7th, when erratic and easier trends again appeared.

Not since the pre-depression period have prices mounted so quickly in such a short time. This latest advance even surpassed the March bull market which ended when wheat cracked April 15 and dropped 20c in 10 days.

Killing the Goose.

A delegation of motorists from New Jersey State which went to Albany to protest against boosting the State gasoline tax to 4c presented a convincing list of reasons why they shouldn't be singled out as victims of a budget-busting tax grab.

Whether one agrees with what they said is beside the point. One of the brass tax arguments, however, is something tax authorities might consider. J. J. Cotter presented figures which showed reduction of the tax to 3c increased consumption of gasoline more than 13 million gals. a month resulting in employment of 2300 men; while boosted gas taxes in other States caused business to fall off from 10 to 20 p.c., with corresponding recovery when the extra cent was removed.

Even hard-pressed governments can't afford to forget the fable of the goose and the golden eggs. Taxation may defeat its own purpose, a circumstance which enlightened self-interest should seek to avoid.

This is altogether apart from the larger economic considerations involving unemployment.

C. N. Train Service.

Trains from the East arrive here on Sunday, Tues., Friday, at 11:13 p.m.

Trains from the West arrive here Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 4:51 a.m.

A NEW MARKET FOR LIVESTOCK. SHIP YOUR HOGS

and other livestock to Alberta's Most Modern PACKING PLANT Equipped to give prompt and efficient service for carload or truck shipments.

Write for FREE BOOKLET. "MORE PROFIT FROM GRAINS."

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EDMONTON, ALBERTA

85 HORSEPOWER . . . 112 1/4-INCH WHEELBASE!

Owners Report 25 and

More Miles Per Gallon

CHEVROLET is big in size—it's a full 112 1/4-inch wheelbase car. It's big in power—with that smooth, lively Valve-in-Head engine packing full 85 horsepower under the hood! Yet it costs you less for gas, less for oil and less for upkeep than any other car in its class!

"Better than 20 miles to the gallon of gas in heavy traffic," report taxi drivers. "Up to 30 miles per gallon," say travelling salesmen who ride the highways day in and day out.

Anyone who says you have to pay big-car prices to enjoy fine-car performance—fine-car roominess—fine-car pride—certainly hasn't sat behind the wheel of *The Only Complete Low-Priced Car!* Enjoy that experience for yourself, today. Once you drive a Chevrolet, you'll never be satisfied with any other Chevrolet value for your money!

PRICED FROM \$745

Master 2-passenger Business Coupe
delivered at factory, Oshawa, Government taxes, license and freight additional. (Price subject to change without notice. Monthly payments to suit your purse on the General Motors Installment Plan.)



UNSTEEL TURRET TOP BODIES BY FISHER . . . Combining All-Steel safety with silence. Wider and roomier. Safety glass.

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The heart of Chevrolet dependability—economy—and brilliant performance.

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IMPROVED GLIDING KNEE-ACTION RIDE . . . On all Master De Luxe Models.

C-2778

CHEVROLET

SOMMERFIELD & MAYER, STONY PLAIN.

The Locomotive Always Wins.

With the holiday season now opening up in earnest, a reminder that a railway train can win almost any argument with a motor car at a level crossing, may be timely.

The Board of Railway Commissioners adds emphasis to the reminder with its semi-annual review of accidents at level crossings. It states that "notwithstanding safety devices and cautionary signals, people take chances and disregard safety" and that, as a result, crossing accidents are increasing. The board lists 312 such mishaps as the record of 6 months, and the total makes an appalling story of recklessness.

Of the 312 accidents, 117 occurred thru drivers "crossing tracks in front of engine or train regardless of stop signals or bell ringing." In the next largest group 84 drivers ran "into, thru or under lowered gates"; 29 drove into the side of a train; and 14 got into difficulties thru ignoring a flagman's stop signal.

The Railway Board urges the press to give these facts publicity in the hope that it will "educate motor drivers and others to be more careful at crossings."

Prevention of level crossing accidents is an individual responsibility with each automobile driver. Remember, the locomotive always wins—well, nearly always!



VISIT THE PLOTS

At every point where a Searle (Home) elevator is situated, nearby will be found a "Crop Testing Plot"—demonstration plot. The newest and best varieties of wheat, oats and barley have been sown, so that farmers and others may observe which varieties are best suited to each district.

All farmers and business men are cordially invited to visit the plots. See the nearest Searle (Home) agent about the plot in your district.

SEARLE GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED

The World of Wheat.

By H. G. L. Strange, Director Research Department, Searle Grain Co Ltd

The quality of Canadian wheat is in danger!

Such was the fear expressed in 1895 by some who observed how rapidly the production of wheat was expanding thruout the prairie provinces, and how so many new varieties were being brought in and seeded by farmers.

What could be done to assure that the sterling wheat, Red Fife, the veritable foundation of wheat quality, could be kept true-to-variety?

Dr. J. W. Robertson, then Dominion Commissioner of Agriculture, set his mind to work. He studied the seed and crop improvement systems of other countries, and finally conceived an idea which he thought might be suitable for Canada.

So in 1899 he put aside \$100 of his own private funds in order to encourage boys and girls on their own fathers' farms to pick the best heads of the standing crops of wheat and oats; the heads to be sent to Ottawa. Prizes were awarded for the best collection of true-to-variety heads.

Out of this plan soon came an organization that has steadfastly and continuously for over 30 years, assisted in maintaining the high quality of Canadian wheat and other grains on the world's markets—The Canadian Seed Growers' Association.

FARMERS' MEAT MARKET.

FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS.

DRESSED POULTRY.

CATTLE AND HOGS BOUGHT EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.—HIGHEST PRICES PAID.

PHONE SEVEN, STONY PLAIN.